

No. 14.
DECEMBER, 1942.

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No. 14.
DECEMBER, 1942.

Editor-Ada Imray.
Advertisements-Christine Tulloch.

## Editorial.

The elephant is a kindly creature and, contrary to expectation, he is not clumsy in spite of his bulk. He is sociable and inventive and his outlook on life is decidedly democratic. Like mankind he is blessed or cursed by the " herd" instinct, but his great fame lies in his memory-he never forgets.

Many interesting things might be told of elephants did space permit The point, however, is that we ourselves are elephant-minded-we will not forget your appreciation of our Magazine which, produced in these present difficulties, is perhaps not quite what we would like it to be. Until that good time when bathing
beauties once again disport themselves on the banks of the Spey, when the Red Cross penny is spent on sweets, when the only Guard is the Old Guard, when wartime restrictions will have disappeared with the barbed wire, we, for our part, will endeavour to overcome the present difficulties of the times and continue to produce our School Magazine.

With a hope that the day may be not far distant when the bells of peace will ring out their joyous tidings and with a speedy au revoir which our brilliant radio fan might interpret as "Ta-ta for now" we trust you will give this number the attention it deserves.

## SCHOOL NOTES.

Conditions in school during the past year have been as normal as war-time conditions car be. A few evacuees have arrived from iime to time and almost an equal number have departed. We have still between forty and fifty of these war guests with us and they fit into the scheme of things admirably.

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Shortened hours during mid-winter owing 10 summer-time and black-out arrangements would appear to be the only real brake on educational progress. Nevertheless, there are other distractions whose effects may be very real.

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The aim has been to make a virtue of necessity and to contrive that the many waraid schemes carried out in school exert bsneficial influences on the pupils themselves.
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Paper salvage, for example, has laid continuous responsibility on the boys who carry on this very useful work. Week after week, they collect, weigh and hand over to the burgh collectors a substantial quantity of waste paper.

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In the food production campaign, technical course pupils have shown adaptability and, under the wise supervision of their instructor, Mr Charles Grant, are fast becoming capable gardeners. This year, over three tons of potatoes have been gath ered from the schoel plot. The senior girls; too, cultivated c,rite successfully a small vegetable garden.

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Economy in the use of material gave little prospect of craftwork enterprise during the past year. At the end of session 1941-42. however, such irgenuity had been applied io the use of available material that the art ard benchwork classes, assisted by Primary and infant departments, were able to ornvide ari aitractive exhibition of work on Prize Day.

*     *         * 

During the harvest season, many boys and several girls have been busy helping local farmers to secure their crops.

An example of steady, urswerving effort is found in the school's collecting for the Red Cross Penny-a-Week Fund. During session 1941-42, Miss Paterson, treasurer for the school's contributions, sent more than £100 to this most deserving fund.

*     *         * 

The school branch of the National Savirgs Association, too, achieved outstanding results for thie same session under the treasurership of Miss Alanach. Total deposits for the year exceeded £1000. During the "Tanks for Attack" campaign this session, the school branch was one of those which exceeded their targei, the total for the period being £261 9s 3d.

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There was the usual large turnout of parents and other members of the public at the 1942 Prize Day ceremony, when Dr I. C. Monro, the recently appointed County Medical Officer, made his first public appearance in Grantown and gave an able and instructive address. Mrs Monro presented the prizes.

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Dr T. MacLaren, Director of Education, was also present and made a witty and ir.spiring speech. Undoubtedly, Dr MacLaren has made a niche for himself at these Prize Day ceremonies.

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The Harvey Dux prize-winner for last session was Hugh R. Tulloch. Dr Fawcett's Science prize, the Mathematics prize and the F.P. Club's Englist. French and Latin prizes went to the same pupil. Ada R. Imray was proxime accessit and Catherine C. Mackenzie was winner of the F.P. Club's German prize.

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As mentioned above, one of the features of Prize Day was an exhibition of work. A collection was taken on behalf of the Grantown War Comforts Fund.

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During the past year, certain charges of staff have taken place which former and present pupils must regret.

Miss Edith M. Lawson was closely associated with the Grammar School and played a foremost part in its various activities for many years. She was a pupil from the earliest Primary to the highest Secondary stage and was a member of the staff for twenty-one years. In her departure, the school has lost one of its ablest and most loyal teachers.

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Or, leaving to take up a teaching appointment in the London area, Miss Lawson received a gold wristlet watch as a parting gift from the staff and pupils.

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Mr Robert Wilson, who left at the end of last year to join the staff of Aberdeen Grammar School, had also played an important role in the school's affairs. He will long be remembered for his leadership in athletics and for his indefatigable work in the orgarisation of that !ively band of former pupils, the Old Guard. He, too, was the recipient of a parting gift from the staff and senior pupils.

## $\Rightarrow$ * *

Mrs MacLaren, Revack, has replaced Miss Lawson. Mr J. S. Thornton, from Oban High School, has taken over Mr Wilson's duties as c!assical master.

Mr Thornton has also undertaken the post of sportsmiaster for the senior boys, and even in these days of all-round restrictions there is no lack of enthusiasm on the athletics side of school life.

Miss Masson organises the senior girls' games and physical training.

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While records of former pupils are confined to the F.P. columns of the Magazine, it is fitting that mention be made here of that rumerous body of former pupils who are valiantly playing their various parts in the nation's war effort.

The school salutes them and is proud of their ga'lantry and devotion to duty. We remember especially the relatives of those former pupils who have made the supreme sacrifice and extend to them the sympathy of oupils and staff.

## CERTIFICATES GAINED DURING SESSION 1941-42

Senior Leaving Certificates have been gained by the following pupils-Ada R. Imray, Catherine C. Mackenzie, Ruth A.. Mathieson, Hugh R. Tulloch.

Junior Secondary Certificates - Mary S. M'William, Mary E. Templeton, Sheila R. Birnie, William Gordon, James A. Grieve, Isobel G. P. Lobban, Nina F. Macdonald, Barbara Macaulay, Flora Marshall, Ian C. M'Intosh, Marion Grant, Alister G. Surtees.

Day School Certificates (Lower) - Isabel Cumming, Vera Dann, Charles Grant, Catherine T. Sutherland, Olive E. White, Isobel E. Calder.

## MY FIRST ADYENTURE IN THE AIR.

On the day on which several of us local fellows, being A.T.C. cadets, were to make our first flight, we rose full of enthusiasm ar.d impatient for the appointed hour to arrive. As we were living on an aerodrome at the time, we had to rise early, which meant that we had about an hour to wait before we could prepare to take the air.

This hour was probably one of the longest we have experienced, but eventually we were ordered to get ready. When we had donned our flying kit we reported to the warrant officer, who assigned us, one to each 'plar:e. Then we set off across the field in different directions to report to the captain of our aircr.aft, and soon we were ready to take off. During the short wait, however, while the engines were being warmed up, a strange feeling of excitement came over me. I cannot explain it, but I kriow that it was caused by my ignorance of what was before me. At any rate I did not get time to think about it because with a cheery word from the pilot, we began to race across the ground, steadily increasing the speed, and before I realised it, we were airborne. This had all happened so suddenly that it took me a few minutes to understand the situation. Actually at this time I was sort of spellbound, but soon I contented myself that it wasn't imaginary, and
relaxing, began to take a great interest in al! that was going on.

Behind me sat the wireless operator, transmitting and receivir:g messages in a very business-like manner. Thinking I would like to find out what was passing between him and the ground, I put on a helmet, and feeling quite confident, since 1 could then receive at the rate of ten, words per minute, I "plugged in." Tomy horror, however, all I could hear coming over was a buzz, sent so fast that I felt rather guilty and quickly turned my attention to the navigator who was sitting across from me. He explained several things to me with a friend:iness which made me quite at home, and then presented me with a large brightly-coloured map on wrich I had to find the position of the aircraft. This was easy as the map had all hills and lochs marked on it.

A very interesting stage of the flight came next when we sighted a convoy on the horizon. It was an impressive sight seeing these boats stealthily ploughing through the waves as if nothing would stop them.
In a short time we arrived at our destination, and after circling it once or twice, made for rome. At this point the fun and thrills began because the crew seemed to be much happier now. On the outward journey it had been p.ain sailing with no more twists and turns tran a car has on an ordinary run. But now the filot, who was a tall, heavily-built fellow about twenty-three, although he could have passed for three by the manner in which he played with the kite, started divirg, climbing and banking, presumably for my benefit. This sudden change had taken me aback at first, since flying levelt is so much different from stunting. When he put the aircraft into a dive, I felt as if I was to go through the roof, and had to hold on to the seat, and then when we began to climb again I could have sworn I was to leave through the floor at any moment. All these sensations seemed to make each one of us take on a daring attitude and after this I could not get enough thrills.
When we were about thirty miles from home the pilot called me forward, and after explaining some of the instruments, told me to take over. I do not remember exactly how I fett, but I changed places with him, and there I was grippirg the control column. In my ex-
citement I pressed it forward, then pulled it right back and levelled out again. Witt, a few words of caution and when he had advised me to handle the controls lighily, the pilot turned away and began talking with the rest of the crew. Feeling on top of the world, I steered the aircraft in the direction of the station, never havirg felt so proud or so rappy before. Soon we were over land again and I reiuctantly had to change places once more. Then to finish off the flight we did some hedgehopping, unbelievably possible to anyone flying for the first time, and which at first sent a cold shiver up my back.

We were now approaching the air-field and when we tad circled it, we glided down and made a perfect landing. Then having thanked the crew for making the journey so pleasant, I set off across the field to tell my pals all about it, and with my mind made up to fly again.
VI.

## A VAAR ALPHABET.

A is for Ado!f who thinks he is smart,
To war he has given, like Niusso, his heart.
B's for Britarr.ia, still ruling the waves,
And sinking tre Hun, 'cos he misbehaves.
C's for commun:que, brief and laconic,
And also for Churchill whose style is a tonic.
D is defeat, and that it will come
To the Axis 'tis certain-perhaps cown the lum!
$E$ is for Ersa:z, a substitute food,
But even for Germans- - it's far too good!
F is for freedom, democracy's goal;
Miners will he!p, if they give us the coal!
G is for Goebbels, " A cruiser," he'll drawl,
"Was sunk by oit: airmen," but do cruisers trawl?
$H$ is for Hess, first Nazi to " skip,"
We know what it mears when rats leave a ship!
I is for Indians-at . . . ? so handy,
Shows that all Indians do not follow Ghandi.
J is for ja, which party men utter;
Whein Goering says guns are better than butter.
K's for Mein Kampf-it reads oddly to-day;
The -isms have all become -wasms they say!

L's for Luftwaffe-once so daring;
The Battle of Britain--still they're repairing!
M was for Mun,ich in the good old times;
But now it means both munitions and mines.
$\mathbf{N}$ is for neutra!-which means, if you're small,
Being bombed, sunk, invaded, one by one, that is ail.
O is for oil and for oranges too,
Both very scarce ini a country or two.
$\mathbf{P}$ is for pilots, on lans and on sea,
Wr:o fight for their country and you and me.
Q is for Quisling, but this is no time To tell of a traitor, in a novice's rhyme.
$\mathbf{R}$ is for Ribbentrop; Axis or pact,
He signs them, in turn, in his quick-changing act.
$\mathbf{S}$ is for Schikelgruber-what's in a name, Hitler or Fuehrer-all " stink " much the same! T is for tarker, whose cargo of oil; Once safely across, will scorch German soil.
$U$ is for $U$-boats, which we hope will soon be;
In fact, as in metaphor, blots on the sea!
$\mathbf{V}$ is for victory, l'll tell you strâight,
We will attain it, if we ali pull our weight.
W added to R.A.F. or to R.N.,
Reminds us that women are equal to men.
$\mathbf{X}$ is a weapon by Germany sought;
But we know it will always be $X=0$ !
$\mathbf{Y}$ is for yellow-the co!our of Japs?
But don't be too hasty-first look at your maps!
$\mathbf{Z}$ is for zero-this shortage of coal;
We'd be just as warm at the "ruddy" North Pole!
K. B., VI.

## A HOLIDAY ON A HERRING CURING STATION.

My friend and I were invited to spend our summer holidays on a herring curing station in Shetland. We went from Aberdeen to Lerwick by the s.s. "St Sunniva," taking about fifteen hours for the journey. How trim and smart she looked, painted all white, but travelling in her was not so jolly if you were not a good sailor.

At length, arriving at Lerwick, we dis-
embarked. Our hostess was there to welcome us and soon we were racing along in a rather ancient taxi over a very rough road to Gremista, which !ies about two miles from Lerwick. After a short time we reached our destination and entered a small garden, ericlosing a white wooden bungalow with a gay red roof.
We stood in the garden and surveyed the scene. In front, and below us, lay the curing station; beyond that was the strip of sea which divided the main island from the Isle of Bressay, which lay opposite to this part of the coast and formed a ratural harbour with a southern exit at Lerwick and a northern one at Scotland Point. On either side of us, almost as far as we could see, lay other stations with their characteristic " mounds " of barrels. As we looked, drifters came steaming across the loch and out at the northern exit, on their way to the fishing-grounds, while, behird us, the sun went down behind the treeless hills, leaving a path of purple and gold on the water and making a magnificent sight.

The station on which we stayed was laid out in two distinct parts, the living quarters and the workirg ones. On a level with the bungalow and forming roughly three sides of a square were the cook-house, the men's sleeping quarters and the women's huts. The cook-house was a communal feeding centre for the male employees, while the $f \in$ male employees who lived three in a hut (three girls making a "crew") had a stove in each hut and were therefore responsible for their owin mea!s. From the living quarters steps led down a steep slope past the foreman's little house to a well-drained, modern, concrete-laid curing yard, to the left of which stood the sheds for providing cover not found on many stations for the girls when "gutting," and to the right, the store of empty barrels waiting to be filled.

The next day we were up early and went in our host's car to the fish market. When the boats came in, the skipper took a sample of the fish into the market. Buyers examired samples and, knowing how many crans the drifiers had, could ca!culate how much there would be in the different c!asses. The herrings were bought and the drifters went over to the various stations to deliver the catch. While they were sailing across the loch the
buyer telephoned to his foreman and told him what drifters were coming over and how much herring to expect.

We hurried back from the market to see what was happering on the station. At the landing-stage a few drifters were fied up and the men were busy unloading the herrings into baskets which were put on bogies. Eight baskets to a bogie, and four baskets equal one cran. Nearby stood a tallyman who marked down the number of crans unloaded from each drifter, because the skippers only estimate how much they have. The noise of derricks ard the shouting of orders mingled with the screams of gulls as they hovered around the boats, trying to snatch a tasty bite.

The bogies were run on rails up into the sheds where they were emptied into " farlans" or wooden troughs and sprinkled with salt. Two girls from each crew stood behind them, gutting herring and sorting them as they did so into baskets of "half-matties," " matties," "full-matties" and "T.B.'s." As the gut knives are very sharp the girls protect their fingers by winding rags round them. The girls are dressed in wellington boots, oilskin skirts with bibs, and handkerchiefs cover their heads.

The third and most experienced member of the crew, the packer, took the baskets, emptied them into a square wooden tub and sprinkled them with salt. Next she packed them with salt neatly into barrels and pickle was poured in. The pickle was made of sa!t and water, which was tested to see if it contained the correct percentage of salt. The ends were fixed on the barrels by the men and then they were left for a few days. A hole was then bored in each barrel and more pickle was poured in to replace what had been absorbed by the herrings. Now a bung was placed in each hole arid the: barrels were ready for export.

The herring guts, after being placed in barrels, were taken away at the erid of the day to a gut-factory on Bressay to be used to manufacture artificial manures and oils, therefore there was no unpleasant smell from them which might be expected on a curing station.

Some days a! the girls were out at work and sometimes only a few, the remainder looking after the huts and preparing the food. Women employees were recruited from many parts of the mainland and from the neighbour-
ing islands, so that, whether at work or at play, they were most interesting. in summer ships came in at Lerwick three or four times a week from the mainland, ar.d in this way they received papers and their mail quite reguiarl/. Sundays were very peaceful, for no boats go out; they generally lie up and the men rest or go ashore, and on the station nobody did any work.

We spent a pleasant holiday there and visited many of the surroundirig villages and lochs. One thing that struck us most, was trat when travelling about the island we hardly ever lost sight of the sea because in many places it reached far inland. When we left Lerwick, with its quaint cobbled main street and its places of historical interest, we looked back with happy memories fee!ing that we knew just a little more about one of the great Scottish industries.
E. S., III.

## A BAGGEPYPE WEL COUDE HE BLOWE AND SOWNE

. . (Chaucer).

Having both racked and wrecked my not inconsiderable quantity of grey matter in a desperate attempt to find something which might interest or amuse you poor souls who have been coaxed, cajoled or b!ackmailed into pu: chasing this magazine, I have had to have resource to matters dealing with piping. No, I'm not goirs to publish the still secret minuies of $Y e$ Smokinge Clubbe, the piping referred to is the music produced by that most mysterious of musical instruments (though some teathens would call it an offerice against civilisation), the Scottish bagpipes.

I alluded above to certain " heathens" who said nasty things about Scotland's nationa! music. Well, I suppose everyone, ever, the Sassenach, is entitled to his opinion, but I would take great pleasure in personally assassinating anyone who says that pipe music is nothing more than a succession of groans, squeals and grunts such as are emitted by the common or garden cat in its last throes.

Seriously though, there never was invented a better instrument to lighten the hearts and
feet of weary men, to stir the soldier to deeds of heroism on the field of battle, and when the battle is over to bring a tear to the eye of the survivor with laments fraught with grief for the braw lads who have fought their last fight. Yet this instrument can equally well set the feet dancing in the gay abandonment of a ree.l or strathspe'y.

There is something about pipe music which fits in and harmonises with the tramp of marching men with their swinging kilts and which brings before th:e mind's eye of the absent Scot the amethyst, heather-clad hills of his homeland. Indeed, in every corner of the earth where a Scot is to be fourd, there you will hear him put his heart into his chanter and play, thinking all the while of the grand mountains and glens he may never see again.

Unfortunately, however, I think that the half-Sassenach inhabitants of the Lowlarids piay more and take more of an interest in piping than we of the Highlands do, which is truly a great pity. Just to illustrate that statement, in a few years there wil! be practically no pipers in this district, the valley which gave its name to the famous Strathspey.

At the moment we can muster four and a half pipers in the Home Guard Band (I'm the half), and when we can keep each other out of the various-refrestment palaces in the village for long enough we do our best to keep alive the most ancient music of all.
A. G., V.

## THE QUARTERLIES.

Write! write! write!
On the blank white paper. Oh! see!
And I would that my pen could answer, For the questions bamboozle me.

Oh! well for the lucky boy,
Who thinks the exams all play.
Oh! well for the clever girl,
Who learned it yesterday.
White! write! write!
The busy pens write on.
Oh! for the look of an open book,
And the chance of a day that is gone.
G. G., IV.

## COME TO STRATHSPEY.

If you ever feel weary and tired,
Overworked, or it may be depressed,
Just come to Strathspey for your next holiday, Where you'll fird both contentment and rest.
To breathe the fresh air, you'll enjoy,
The scent of the tree and the flower,
To tramp o'er the hills and the dales,
You'il have pleasure with every hour.
The many kind friends you will meet, All willing to welcome you here,
Will give you a feeling that if you are spared, Strathspey you must visit each year.
A. G., I.

## COMMANDO RAID ON HAVRE.

I belong to Britain's famous Commandos.
One parade morning we were told by our C.O., Major Wilson, that we had a big "stunt" coming off at dawn on the following morning.

That night the company left the shore and joined a convoy further out. We had an uneventful journey across. At exactly 6.30 a.m. the assault barges left the larger ships for thee shore.
We had established ourselves on the beach before the enemy opened fire. We kept low so as to avoid unnecessary casualties. Then the sergeant in charge of our section came along after interviewing the C.O. "Well lads, our objective is to destroy the church behind the town, which is being used as an ammunition dump by the enemy," he said.

We started out on our way by crawling alorg behind a ridge, which gave us valuable cover for about quarter of a mile. When we reached the church the sergeant asked me to dispose of Huns who were in a trench behind a tree in the graveyard. I crawled round the back of the clurch so as to come in the rear of the enemy. There was an explosion as I threw a Mills bomb into the trench. Next we laid a charge of dynamite, and retired to a safe distarce; suddeniy there was a deafening explosion as the church blew up.

Then we crawled back along behind the ridge until we reached the beach, where we entered our assault barges and made for fome.

Next day we were told that we were going to get 48 hours' leave as a reward for our services.
D. H., 1 .

## THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL AFTER FIVE YEARS OF WAR.

Whether it was on account of the supper I ate, or merely because I fell asleep thinking very deeply about school, I do not know, but whatever the cause, I had rather a peculiar dream several nights ago.

The year was 1944, and the scene, Grantown Grammar School, but although the rest of the world had advanced, the same old members of classes $V$. and VI. were to be seen stalking the corridors, instilling terror in the younger ones, just as they do to-day. Do rot be alarmed! As far as I know they had not a!! failed in their Highers. I cannot explain their presence. This is a good example of dreamer's licence.

School had changed a great deal in the last two years. The first thing which struck me as odd was that "Prayers" in the hall were now abolished, for eight long, wooden tables with benches at either side, stood in a row alorg the length of the hall. The pupils wa!ked straight to the class-rooms to begin lessons. Here I noticed that instead of the conventional gym. tunic, most of the girls wore the new "Austerity" dress, that is a hooded garment down to the ankles, which in accordance with the regulations did not use up more than four yards of utility tweed, and were. fastened with, at the most, three wooden buttons, of diameter two centimetres. Most of the boys, too, wore this type of cloak, and those who did not, favoured the "short-long" trousers which had been so fashionable in the 1940-41 season. Everyone wore clogs, owing to the scarcity of rubber, but one or two fifth year boys had pieces of felt nailed to the soles, to prevent deafness among the other pupils. Every boy and cird carried only a slate ard slate pencil, for paper had long been out of use in schools. This method of doing lessons also did away with the need for india-rubbers, which were now replaced by " spit-and-polish."

I was somewhat surprised to see that every
classroom was in complete darkness, but the reason for this and for the light equipment of the pupils soon became evidennt. Each classroom contained an epidiascope, in which the necessary text-book was placed by the teacher, and shown on the screen. In this way one look sufficed the whole class. A quarter of the cost of the epidiascope was raised by collecting and selling the old, now unwanted textbooks at $£ 5$ per tor, and to make up for the extra usage of fuel, no central heating was used in the school. Instead, four candles were placed in the centre of each room, and with these and their thick cloaks, the pupils kept reasonably warm. The teachers moved from room to room instead of the classes, since it was decided that the exit and entrance of some forty to fifty pupils each hour caused too much of a draught. I say every hour, because now, as no lessors were done at home, the Higher Grade spent ten hours each day in scrool, of which one was the dinner-hour. The boys in the science department collec:ed the grease which dripped from the candles as they burned, and at the end of every day poured it into test-tubes with wires in the centres, thus forming new cardles, for which the senior girls knitted new wicks. The latent and specific heat of candle grease was calculated, and, if it was found that enough candles were not produced from the grease, the class responsible put a penny each into the Red Cross fund. A consignmert of three hundred candles thus lasted for several weeks.

The school prided itself that its pupils were always kept healthy, and one of the reasons was the daily supply of milk. To save petrol in the car which would have to bring the milk to school, the cows were kept on the premises -on the pitch (games were now played in the Black Park), and the girls took it time about to go down to milk them, half an hour before the milk was served at eleven o'clock. The boys, of course, had the task of feeding and putting in the cows for the right. They were kept in the furnace, which was no longer necessary for its original purpose.

From nine in the morning till seven at night the pupils remained in school, going home only to sleep. Sirice there was a smal! British restaurant in every road of the town, a great deal of fuel was saved by all. Dinner in school
was served on the tables in the hall at one o'clock, and made by the girls who took cookery. Those who took Languages washed up the dishes, and were ready to begin lessons again at two o'clock.

I had almost begun to become accustomed to this unusual procedure, but unfortunately at this poin:t I. woke up, so I shal! probably never know what happened after two o'clock.
M. T., V.

## HOME " WORK."

When, he sits down at the table to do his homework, re can't find his pen. Oh, here it is. He is about to start writing when he discovers there is no ink in it. Where is that ink-bottle? He commences to look for it, opening drawers, bookcases and cupboards and doing everything but find it. Finally, after pulling the room apart, so that it looks like a cyclone-swept area, he finds the bottle of ink on the bookcase.

Now he wonders what he has done with his pent--he had it in his hand a minute ago. He then starts hunting for it. Eventually he discovers that by some mysterious means it has found its way into his pocket. He fills his per: with ink, and, in doing so, spills it freely over tre table.

Oh, what a state! Where's a blotter? He can't find one. Off on the search again, and, after another hunt, comes back with about five and cleans up the ink. He puts the blotters and the ink away and with a big sigh settles down to do his homework.

As he looks at his book he nearly collapses. He has the wrong one. He has left the right one in school. Oh, boy, no homework to-night! Where's that book he was reading?
E. G., IV.

## A WEEK BY THE RIVER.

One day when we-were going a wa!k by the river, we saw a whirlpool on the other side. We then continued our walk. As we were about to turn a bend we noticed a roe-deer and her fawn, and as the wind was blowing towards us trey did rot scent us. Then all at once they turned and fled.

IAIN BURGESS, Primary 11.

## THE EVENING.

O'er the meadow came the herd Back from the plains so green. After tl-em came the weary laird And his dog named Keen.
Ther came the ploughman, weary and worn, Home to the fireside to wait for the morn. Out came the stars and the red planet Mars, All giving light to the great fierce wars. THOMAS STUART, Primary IV.

## WINTER.

Ere the suntradgone to rest The clouds were gathering in the west, The rooks were cawing loud and clear, As if they knew a storm was near. All through the night the wind did blow, And when I awoke I found the snow Lying on the ground, so white,
The snow that had fallen through the night.
E. M., I.

## RED CROSS PENNIES.

Pennies! Pennies! Pennies! All come pouring in.
Do you hear rattling? Oh, what a din!
They're a! for the woundedThey're all for the sore:
So keep those pennies rattling And we'll win the war!

MARY M'DONALD, Primary III.

When the big ships go out to sea
They will bring home something for my tea; As the big steamer sails on the waves
Many a man's life it saves.
BETTY C. MACKINTOSH, Primary II.

Has S's fire gone out since the flame left?

*     *         * 

"Something sweet across the street"whose motto?

## GOLDILOCKS (Revised Edition).

One day a little gel was walking in the woods when she came to a tiny cottage.

But before I go any further I must explain that Goldilocks had lost her way in the blackout.

Then she saw this cottage. The windows were beautifully decorated with strips of gummy paper, and a sweet little air-raid shelter stood in ore corner.

Goldillocks combed out her beautiful golden hair (arranged a la Blonde Bombshell), and reflected that it was a pity that Boots had run out of henna, as her coiffure was getting a bit streaky.

Then she re-floured her nose and tapped at the door- . . . -? Nobody at home . . .

She looked around the room. The table was laid for three. At each place was set a plate of Kellogg's Corn Flakes, and in the centre of the table was a plate of butter-three pats of Stork's, to be exact - and a bowl of saccharin. The milkman hadn't come that day, so a tin of powdered milk and a jug of lukewarm water were placed ready to be mixed into beautiful fresh milk, straight from the cow-er-tin.

Blondie (sorry, I mean Goldilocks) was used to Rice Crispies, so she tasted the Corn Flakes, decided she liked them better, and cleaned out the packet.

Next she went upstairs and looked around. In Mrs Blair's room her attention was arrested by a tempting display of lipstick and real powder! She slipped a few trifles into her handbag and curiosity prompted her to see what make they were. A neat label informed her they were "Black Market" cosmetics, a famous new make. Suddenly she heard footsteps. Somebody was coming up the stairs. The door opened and Mr, Mrs and little Georgie Blair entered. Three voices exclaimed simultaneously:-

Pa: Ah! a beautiful maiden!
Ma : The impudent hussy!!
Georgie: Gee! a blonde!!!
Blondie disappeared down the firewatching ladder, but not before she had whispered coyly in Mr Blair's ear, "Telephone number, 123456."
C. T., IV. ,

## THOSE WERE THE DAYS.

Oh happy days! Oh happy days! . When one could buy a suit o' claes, An apron or a camisole, Without that coupon rigmarole, When ye could buy a pound o' ham, A stane o' sugar for yer jam, $A n^{\prime} a^{\prime}$ the meat ye liked tae cook Withoot that awfy ration book.
Thae were the days, I mind them weel, Nae pinch nor shortage did ye feel, Nae lack o' matches in the shops, Nae queuin' up for acid drops, When $a^{\prime}$ the street lamps were alicht,
Tae guide yer progress in the nicht, An' naebody need tae care a hoot For drawin' blinds or blackin' oot.

Thae were the days o' peacefu' life,
Nae needless worries, endless strife,
But dinna fear, for weel we keni
Thae happy days will come again.
A. R., III.

## A JOB TO DO.

Last night as I lay dreaming Of a job that was to do,
I seemed to see them streaming From the east and westward too:

These boys and girls from U.S.A., From Capetown to Peru,
As far away as Hudson Bay;
They've a!l a job to do.
And endlessly the stream ran by,
They've come in thousands here to fight,
And all with one accord they cry,
"We're here to keep the homeland right."
These volunteers but yet untried,
Are come to save a heritage,
For which their fathers fought and died, The sacrifice none yet can gauge.
And when I woke at break of day,
A direarn and answer there and then,
I saw such manhood on its way,
To quench the hapes of wicked men.
S. C., II.

## OUR SAVING GRACE.

To save the matches
Please keep a taper
When you light the fire,
Don't waste paper!
To save ship space,
Home products are good.
Please cook them: well.
Don't waste the food!
Be careful with the black-out
It keeps us safe at night.
But oh! please do remember,
Don't waste the light!
As bitter winter hastens on
The frost will numb our feet
Though coal is Britain's treasure trove Don't waste the heat!
When peace again spreads o'er the earth,
The brave one's world we must not mar
With selfish wants and petty hates:
Don't waste the war.
E. $M^{\prime} B ., I I$.

## A FARMER'S ADVENTURE.

Late in autumn many years ago, an old farmer and his wife were driving home from market with their dog-cart well laden with their weekly provisions. On the way they called at a neighbouring farm where they were supplied with a two-gallon pail of buttermilk. As they jogged along they were conscious of a bright glare behind them, and, thinkirg a car was about to overtake them, the old farmer drew his pony to tis own side of the road and waited for the oncoming car to pass. On looking round, however, he discovered that there was no car. The glare he had seen was actually a fire blazing in the back of his own dog-cart. Fortunately his pony was a very quiet old beast and he was able to draw him up quickly. His wife ard he jumped out and unyoked the pony from the dog-cart. Then the farmer's wife remembered the buttermilk. Using the crook of her umbrella, she managed to drag the pail away from the flames and to put the fire out with the buttermilk.
For a short time the farmer was puzzled as to the: origin of the fire. Then h.e remembered that it was Hallowe'en and that some frolic-
some boys had been throwing squibs dangerously near as they drove past, and one must have landed among the paper parcels and set them alight.
E. M., III.

## THE MOON.

One starry night,
The moon shone bright
Above the deep blue sea.
A way out there upon the waves,
A ship awaited me.

- That starry night

The moon was bright,
To guide me on my way.
The church bells rang,
The people sang,
And all was very gay.
SHEILA M ${ }^{\prime}$ NICOL, Primary* IV

## A LESSON.

Two little boys played truant: from school, And had an accident with a mule. The mule-man was going to a sale, But went to school and told his tale 'The reason they are iate for school, They learnt à lesson from a mule, To trick, to lie, it will never pay; This lesson they have learnt to-day.'
S. B., I.

## THE MOON LOOKS DOWN.

The moon looks down. Yes, ard it has looked down on this everchanging world for thousands of years. What changes it must have witnessed! What strange, incredible stories that cold, shining orb could tell if it could talk and man could hear it

Its white rays wash over the rolling plains of Canada, and glister. on the snow-capped peaks of the Rockies. It causes the great, green ice-wastes of the North Pole to gleam like stretches of emerald.

The moon turns the vast expanse of the

Atlantic Ocean into a sea of molten silver, and it smiles like some guardian angel on the convoys of merchant ships, courageously ploughing their way through danger-infested wąters.
In the wide, fertile plains of the United States, the wheat fields change into seas of waving golden grain.
The moon looks rather disdainfully on the skyscrapers of the modern cities of the U.S.A., but smiles with approval on the old-world, adobe houses of quaint Mexican villages. Its beams make light and shadow on the decks of ocean liners, rolling gently at ar.chor in New York harbour, and they light up the farfamed Statue of Liberty.
Through a hazy shroud, it looks down on the wonderful panorama of the Andes, with their towering peaks and volcar:oes trailing their smoky-banners. Its light glimmers on the dull waters of the Amazon, ard it looks down on the foetid swamps, or the dense, impenetrable undergrowth surrounding that great river. -

From the starry dome of the heavens, it sees romantic South Sea islands, with their luxurious banks of tropical flowers and plants, and the long fronds of palm trees waving in the night breeze.

The mica amorigst the esand of North African deserts glistens in the rays of the moon, which also show up bomb-craters in the sand, or some wrecked machines of war.

It looks down on the war-scarred plains of Russia, the paddy-fields and shadowy mountain passes of India, and the conquered lands of Europe and Asia.

The moon also looks or two small islands, which are only tiny portions of the universe. Here are no waving palms or tropical flowers, no rolling wheat fields or towering mountains; but these two islands are loved and defended by a people who would sacrifice their lives, their homes, their all, to keep their native country from the hands of a grasping nation. Perhaps the moon may see them as very ordinary islands, but to us they are everytring worth fighting for, these isles of ours.

> M. M., IV.

Why is $E, I$. so fond of dancing?

## OBITUARY.

## Andrew Cruickshank, Germiston, South Africa.

Contemporaries, and former "school friends in particular, wil! much regret the passing of Andrew Cruickshank at the age of 63, and will duly sympathise with his wife in her great loss.

After serving his apprenticeship in the Grantown branch of the Royal Bank of Scotland, he went to South Africa in 1901, and, as might be expected by those who knew his sterling character, did well im an exacting profession. Practically the whole of his banking career was spent in towns on the Reef in the vicinity of Johannesburg. Finally he became manager of the Germiston branch of the Standard Bank of South Africa, and from this important post he rad retired only a month when he received the final ca! on 21 st December, 1941.

Andrew was one of the first, if not aciually the first life-member of our club, and maintained a lively interest in the doings of former pupils, whether they were recorded in the School Magazine or elsewhere. It was a pleasure for him to meet a local man with whom te could exchange reminiscences of the days of his youth in Grantown. His heart was in the Highlands, and, whenever possible, he and his wife, a charming Australian lady, spent their overseas !eave in Grantown. Their last visit to Straihspey was in 1939. His ashes now lie in Inverallan in the same hallowed ground as $r$ is much respected parents.

CHARLES MUNRO

## John Lawson llingworth, Castle Road, Grantown.

Lawson lllingworth, sergeant-observer in the R.A.F., has been officially reported killed while on an operational flight over Germany on 16th September, 1942. He was only 20 years of age. For his country he cou!d do no more.

Lawson! has met the untimely death of many fine and gallant men, and his end was in keeping with an adventurous youth shared with many kindred spirits. His friends will not forget the happy times spent in his company on the playing fields and on the hills. Vividly there will recur to them camp fires at Loch

Morlich and stormy nights on Braeriach, where bis roving spirit seemed to find its true element.

Th.e Old Guard cherish his memory, and honour his death. In their name we offer to his mother. and brothers the poor tribute of our sympathy.

## Hector M. Macgregor, Cambrae, Cromdale.

We deeply regret to record the death of Hector M. Macgregor, engineer officer in the Merchant Navy. He had been released from the forces to do essentia! work, and, in order to gain sea experience, was serving in the Merchant Navy.

On his last voyage back to this country his ship was assailed by storm and enemy action. Hector became seriously ill, and, immediately his ship made port, was rushed to Greenock Infirmary. An operation was performed, but too late to save his life. He died on 21 st December, 1941, in his 23rd year.

He was the only sor of Mr and Mrs Macgregor, Cambrae, Cromdale, to whom we extend our profound sympathy.

## SCHOOL SPORTS, 1941-42.

## GIRLS

This session saw our hockey improve considerably, due to the constant practices held under the supervision of Miss Masson.

In the three seven-a-side house matches Revoan proved the most successful. This year for the first time we held mixed matches in which. both boys and girls took part. With the help of the boys Roy (capt. Ada Imray) was the winner, beating Revoan (capt. Naomi M'Gillivray) 3-1 and Revack (capt. Mary Tulloch) 1-0.

On the 13th December the first XI. played Dufftown at Elgir, being beaten 6-3. Unfortunately the Games Captain (Mary M'William) fel!, injuring her knee and despite pain continued to play until another fall forced her to retire.

A return match played later showed much improvement in our play. Although Grantowns team played well. they panicked in front of the goals and the resuulting score was 5-1 in favour of Dufftown.

The inter-house Overhead ball was won by Revoan as well as the senior inter-house relay, the junior being won by Roy. The house champions, senior and junior, were both of Roy and so helped this house to triumph over the other two ir gaining Bailie Milne's cup for the girls.

Two girls were lucky enough to qualify for the Cairngorm Badge, Ruth Mathieson and Ada Imray, but owing to present restrictions will not receive the actual badges till after the war.

## BOYS

House rivalry was very keen especially between Roy and Revoan. The strugg!e for the School Cup was expected to be hard and bitter. The results of the Football House matches turned out in Revoan's favour,, Revack being second. Success was mainly due to the grand team-spirit in the Revoan house. The next event on the sports calendar was the Cross-Country and never before has there been such a splendid finish to any school race. After covering the set course and with about one hundreid yards to go, the captain of Revack (Alister W. Jack) and the Acting-Captain of Revoar (William G. Smith) dashed shoulder to shoulder towards the tape, bursting through it at precisely the same moment. Here again Revoan scooped up the points.

Roy won the Hockey House matches with great ease, the girls in their team being excellent players. K. Benson, captain of Roy, and one of our finest batsmen, had the best cricket team and was a!most sure to win the cricket matches "hands down," but, owing to "luck" and magnificent fielding, Revoan again triumphed. Roy now required to win the remaining three events on the sports calendar to beat Revoan, and when they won the tug-of-war excitement was at fever pitch. The yearly Sports were eagerly awaited. When they came Revoan won the Senior Championship and Roy the Junior. The fate of the Cup was now apparent, and it was made certain when Revoan won the Inter-House Relay Race.

The School Football lst XI. also played several games against the army units in the district, the result being two games to one in favour of the Army. The School Cricket XI. also played a team of Former Pupils, whom
they beat. The enthusiasm for games tyas very high: last year, and it has every possibility of being even higher this year.

Revoan has got away to a flying start in the new season, having won both the Foothall House matches and the Cross-Country, Lewis Kinnaird (Revoan) and Douglas Gibson (Rכy)
dead-heating in the Cross-Country. The Hockey House matches, at present being played, have not been decided, although Revoan has defeated Roy and Revack has drawn with Roy after a well fought-out game.
W. G. Si, VI.

## THE OLD GUARD.

OLD GUARD MEMBERS 1942-43. C-1arry Fraser,. B.Sc., Mondhuie, flight-lieuten-

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Hónorary President-Captain Frank C. Henc'ry, M.C., O.B.E.; major (retired) " D" Coy., fist Batt. Moray and Nairn Home Gua d.
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Vice:-President - Angus Mackintosh, Dulnain Bridge; warrant officer, Royal Air Force:
Secretary and Treasuurer - Robert Wiison, M.A., Aberdeen; second lifutenent, Junior Infantry Training Corps.

## WITH THE FORCES.

James Allan, M.B., Ch.B., Ballintomb, captain, Royal Army Medical Corps.
Albert Anderson, High Street, sergeant, Royal Air Force.
Eregor Cameron, Mondhuie, pilot-observer, Royal Air Force.
James Cameron, The Square, coder, Roral Naval Vo!unteer Reserve.
Jack Cooke, Balmenach, leading aircraftsman, Royal Air Force.
William Cruickshank, Cromdale, corpural, Royal Air Force.
1.William Cruickshank, Grant Road, stores assistant, Royal Naval Volunteer Re;erve.
Dúncan Davidson, M.A., High Street, sublieutenant, Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.
William Fotheringham, B.A. Ne:riybridge, second-lieutenant, Royal Artillerv.
Donald Fraser, Dulnain Bridge, signalman, Royal Corps of Signals.
/ant, Royal Air Force.
Patrick Garrow, Advie, sergeant, Royal Air Force.
John Cameron Grant, The Square, signalman, Royal Corps of Signals.
Martin Grant, High Street, corporal, Royal Air Force.
Donald Gunn, Castle Road, sergeant, Seaforth Highlanders.
John Holmes, Craggan, A.B., Royal Navy.
Fraser Innes, Castle Road, supply-assistant, Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.
Gordon Jack, Castle Road, aircraftsman, Royal Air Force.
Alastair Laing, High Street, trooper, Reconnaissance Corps.
Alexander Ledingham, High Street, aircraftsman, Royal Air Force:
William Ledingham, High Street, sub-lieutenant, Fleet Air Arm.
William Macaulay, B.Sc., Lettoch, sergeant, Royal Corps of Signals.
Oonald M'Beath, Station Cottages, craftsman; Royal Electrical and Mechanical Engineers.
Kenneth $\mathrm{M}^{\prime}$ Cabe, Cromdale; lieutenant, 10-17 Dogras, Indian Army.
Kenneth $M^{\prime}$ Connell, Station Cottages; sergt.pilot, Ist Glider Regiment.
Ian M'Intosh, High Street, aircraftman, Royal Air Force.
Lewis M'Intosh, High Street, private, Royal Army Ordnance Corps.
Alexander M'Intyre, M.A., Boat: of Garten, aircraftsman, Royal Air Forces.
Ian Mackenzie, Spey Bridge, lance-corporal, Parachute Field Ambulance:
W. M. Mackenzie, Castle Road E., Royal Navy.

Keith. M'Kerron, High Street, aircraftsman, Royal Air Force.


John Milne, M.A., High Street, company officer, National Fire Service College, Saltdean, Brighton.
Wish hart Milne, High Street, telephone engineeir, Post Office, Glasgow.
Bruce Munro, High Street, student, 4 th year medicine, Glasgow Universsity; cadet, University Training Corps.
John Stephen, Altcharn, student, Stow College of Engineering, Glasgow.
Alastair Surtees, High Street, erigineer, Post Office, London.
Hugh Tulloch, Grant Road, student, Allanglen School, Glas gow; private, Home Guard.
Herbert Wright, High Street, student, 2nd year engineering, Aberdeen University; cadet, University Training Corps.

## Local .Members.

Alastair Grant, B.Sc.,' farmer, Ballinluig; private, Home Guard.
Hugh Cameron Grant, The Square, clerk, Estate Office, Grantown; sergeant, Air Training Corps.

Marr Illingworth, Castle Road, messenger, Post Office, Grantown; cadet, àir trainitig Corps.
CRoy Phimister, South Street, postman, Post Office, Grantown; private, Home Guard; corporal, Air Training Corps.
Michael Ronaldson, Grant Road, messenger, Post Office, Grantown.
Gregor Ross, DuInain-Bridge, engineer, Messis Ross \& Co., Dulnain-Bridge.

## IN MEMORIAM.

JOHN LAWSON M. ILLINGWORTH, Castle Road, sergeant-observer, Royal Air Force, 16th September, 1942, aged 20, in air operations over Germany.
JOHN M. LAING, M.A., High Street, private, Seaforth Highlanders, 30th May, 1940, aged 26, at Zillebeke, Belgium.
RONALD W. SCOTT, Advie, signalman, Royal Corps of Signals, 20th May, 1937, aged 19, at Jubblepore, India.

## FORMER PUPILS' CLUB

## Fi人 $<$ MEMBERS.

Miss J. Alanach, Faebuie, Cromdale.
Niiss Jean Burgess (10 Castle Road), Stirling.
Wames Bell (Cromda!e), Hudson Bay Coy., Canada.
CMrs Brooks (May Smith), West Hartlepool.
. Jotn B. Burgess, The Larches; A.C.2, Air Force Regiment.
L*Mrs J. B. Burgess, The Larches.
${ }^{1 / 3}$ M.rs Mackenzie (J. M. Campbell), Aberlour.
A. J. Cameron, Forest Road; corporal, Reconnaissance Corps, Home Fo:ces.
*Walter Cruickshank, Craigdhu.
*Mrs Wood (J. Cruickshank), Seafield Lodge.
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\%lan. Forbes (late Connage), $2 /$ Lt. W.A.A.S.C., West Africa.
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1 Míss Margaret C. Grant (Higher Tullochgribban), Dallas.

Miss Marie Grant, Higher Tullochgribban.
Jemes Grant, Drill Hall House; L.A.C., R.A.F., Ceylon.
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\&T. Hunteir, Rosemount.
Mrs T. Hunter, Rosemount.
Niss Netta Hunter, Rosemount.
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*A. Macphail, Hi:Iview; sergt.-observer, R.A.F., prisoner in Italy.
Miss Isa Macphail, Hillview.
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R Rigmore Hospital, Inverness.
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Miss Margaret M’Pherson, Briar Cottage; L.C.W., Photograph Section, W.A.A.F.

VMiss .I. C. M'Intosh, Congash. Cottage.
Hugh Mackenzie, Isla Cottage; private, Commandos.
*Miss M. M. Pyper (Riversdale), Dundee.
*Miss E. M. Pyper (Riversdale), Dundee.
Miss M. Paterson, Parkburr.
Miss Jean M. Paterson, Parkburn.
James Philip, Strathspey Hotel.
WW. A. Robertson, Broughty Feirry.
"W. R. Stuart, "News " Office.
Mrs W. R. Stuart, "News" Office.
*Mrs Schleppie (B. Meldrum), 100 High Street.
Miss W. Shaw, I Chapel Road.
Miss C. Smith (Benalder), Glasgow.
W. Templeton, Glenwhern.
${ }^{J}$ T. Templeton, Glenwhern.
Miss N. Templeton, Glenwhern.
Miss M. Templeton (The Lodge), Aberdeen.
Mrs D. A. Mitchell (J. Templeton), The Lodge; L.A.C.W., W.A.A.F.
Miss Beatrice Shand, Castle Road; LanceCorporal, A.T.S.
*Dr Jas. Williams, Stonefield.
EAR Angus (E. A. Wood), Balmerach.
Miss C. Winchester, Castle Road.
Miss E. Webster (Castle Road E.), Inverness.
\#Mirs Barclay (L. Hastilow), Achnagonaln.
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Advertising ......................... £O 50
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JEAN M. PATER.SON, Treasurer.
Examined and found correct.
WM. R. ST.UART

NOTES ON ANNUAL GENERAL
MEETING, ETC.

Owing to war conditions there wi!l be no Annual General Meeting.

The School Magazine will be sent to members of the F.P. and Old Guard Clubs who are with H.M. Forces, also to life-members of the F.P. Club.

The Club gave as usual three prizes--one each for English, Modern Languages, and Classics.

Subscriptions from civilian members of both Clubs are now due for 1942-43 and stould be paid to the treasurer, Miss Jean Paterson, Parkburn, Grantown-on-Spey. A balance sheet for 1941-42 is printed in this issue.

## NEWS FROM MHE OUTPOSTS.

Major Hunter has succeeded Major Hendry in command of the Strathspey Company of the Home Guard. It is to the credit of these twe officers that the local company is one of the most efficient Home Guard formatiors in the North.

Major Hendry, who retired under the age limit, has rad a distinguished career as a sailor, soldier and author. He will be remembered by many of our young men for the keer: interest he took in school games.

James Allan, Ballintomb, now serving witr: the R.A.M.C. in England, has been promotec: captain.

Albert Anderson, High Street, who has attained the rank of sergeant in the R.A.F., is stationed in the North of Scotland.

George Cameron, The Square, dischargec: from the army after sustaining wounds in the Battle of the Somme, has succeeded. his father,
the late Mr D. D. Cameron, as Burgh Treasurer and Cromdale District Clerk.
Gregor Cameron, Mondhuie, at present in the Transvaal, is training as a pi!ot-observer. Before the war he was employed in Edinburgh Royal Infirmary.

James Cameron, The Sguare, is acting as coder on a sloop in Eastern waters.

Ernest Cooke, Balmenach, captured during the German break-through in France, is a prisoner of war in Stalag VIII. B, Germany.

Jack Cooke, Balmミnach, formerly of thee Clydebank Po',ice Force, expecis to be sent overseas very soon to complete his training as pilot-observer. Jack was probably the finest athlete that sct-ool produced.

William Cruickshank, Cromdale, corpora! in the R.A.F., has for some time been sta.tioned at a North-east aerodrome.

William Cruickshank, Grant Road, was store-
keepirig on board an aircraft carrier. He had a spell ' of leave after returning from a cruise in eastern waters, and is now again at sea.

Durican Davidson, High Sireet, after graduating at Edinburgh University, special:sed in radio-location. Later he was commissioned to an auxiliary cruiser in home waters

William Fotheririgh.am, Nethybridge, 2nd lieutenant in a light anti-aircraft battery of the R.A., has been posted to West Africa.

Donald Fraser, Dulnain-Bricige, of the Corps of Signals, after a !enghty period of service in Iceland, has been drafted to important duty in the London area.

Harry Fraser, Mondhuie, formerly goverrment civil engineer in Malaya, was commissioned in the R.A.F. Before the faH of Singapore he was moved to Batavia in Java. Since: February 28th no news of him has been received.

Patrick Garrow, formerly of Advie, after regular service with the R.A.F. in Aden, was drafted rome. He is a sergeant, attached to a Northern aerodrome.

John Grar.t, Rothiemoon, is counity organiser and agriculitural executive officer for West Fife and Kinross. . Last August he married another F.P., Beatrice M'Intosh, Achosrich, formerly a teacher of domestic science in England. Their friends in both clubs send their warmest congratulations and best wishes.

John Cameron Grant, The Square, recently sorting clerk and telegrap.hist in the Post Office, is training with the Corps of Signals in the North of England.
Martin Grant, High Street, corporal in the - R.A.F., shared in the retreat from Burma. He is again at an Indian station, none the worse except for the loss of his kit.

Donald Gunn, 1 Castle Road, stationed in the North with the Seaforth Highlanders, has been promoted sergeant.

Jor.n Holmes, Craggan, is an A.B. on board H.M.S. King George V.

Thomas Hunter, Woodside Averue, is senior house surgeon at Stracathro Emergency Hospital. He specia'ises in orthopedic surgery.

George Illingworth, Castle Road, formerly naval telegraphist, has been undergoing treat-
ment for a leg injury, and has received his discharge.

Fraser Innes, Castle Road, is a supply assistant at a naval depot in the south of Englind.

Gorcion Jack, Castle Road, who was for some itime a clerk and telegraphist with the Post Office, first at Kirkwall and then latterly at Aviemore, thas gone to ioin the R.A.F. His brother Alastair volunteered for the R.A.F. while still at school. At present he is still on deferred service.

Alastair Laing, High Street, is attached to a reconnaissance corps in the Home Forces.

Alexander Ledingham, High Street, airçaftman with the R.A.F., is stationed at a Northern aerodrome.

William Ledingham, High Street, sub-lieutenant in the Fleet Air Arm, is doing instructional work in England.

Frank Macaulay, Lettoch, who has been in German hands since the fall of France, has used his spare time to study, even getting up carly in the mornings to obtain the necessary quiet. His perseverence has been rewarded by passing the " members" examination of the Institute of Bankers.

William Macaulay, Lettoch, formerly in the Green Howards, is now a sergeant in the Corps of Signals, arid is attached to an Indian division in the Middle East.

Donald M'Beath, L.M.S. Station, a craftsman in the R.E.M.E., is quartered in the North of England.

Kenneth $M^{\prime}$ Cabe, Cromdale, lieutenant in the 10/17 Dogras, is stationed in the Punjab. As a sergeant in the Scots Guards he saw service in Norway. He was later wounded at obruk.

Kerneth M'Connell, L.M.S. Station, is a sergeant-pilot of the 1 st Glider Regiment of airborne troops. At present he is attached to home forces. Originally, in the Seaforths, he served for a time as anti-aircraft gunner on meirchant ships.

James Macdonald, Upper Port, of the Morayshire Constabulary, hias been transferred to Forres, but expects soon to ioin the R.A.F. for flying duiy. His brother William was serving in the R.A.F. when he was killed in an accident.

Ian M'Intosh, High Street, after leaving school worked as a film operator with E.N.S.A. He is now :a radio mechanic with the R.A.F. in the North of England.

Lewis M'Intosh, High Street, has been assigned to store-keeping duties at an R.A.O.C. sub-depot in England.

Alexander M'Intyre, Boat of Garten, after qualifyirig as a wireless operator, has been posted to an aerodrome in the far north.

Ian Mackenzie, Spey Bridge, is serving in England with a fie!d ambulance section of the parachute troops. He wais attached to the R.A.M.C. in France, and was evacuated after the retreat to the coast.

Keith M'Kerron, High Street, with the R.A.F., has been doing special training for commarido work. For some time he was in the Western Isles, but is now in the southwest of Scotland.

Alexander Mackintosh, Cromdale, aircraftman in the R.A.F., is stationed at a northern aerodrome.

Angus Mackintosh, Dulnain-Bridge, serving in the north-east as a pilot in Coastal Com marid, has been promoted warrant officer.

David Mackintosh, Cromdale, and aircraftman with the R.A.F., is stationed in the North of England.

Donald Mackintosh, Cromdale, captured during the evacuation from Greece, is a prisoner in Stalag 18A, Austria.

Donald M'Intosh, Dulnain-Bridge, Seaforth Highlanders, is stationed in the North.

Evan Mackintosr, Larches, Dulnain-Bridge, corpora! in the Royal Corps of Signals, is serving in England.

John Mackintosh, Cromdale, is an aircraftman with the R.A.F. in the North of Erigland.

Patrick M'Lean!, Croft Allan, after temporary service with the R.A.F., transferred to the army, and is now training with the Cameron Highlanders.

A!asiair $M^{\prime}$ Nicol, High Street, is serving in East Africa as an air-mechanic with the Fleet Air Arm.

Pe:er $M^{\prime}$ Nico!, High Street, an A.B. in the Royal Navy, is in home waters. He saw active service on the battleship Nelson. He was on board the destroyer H.M.S. Ithuriel when she
rammed and sank the Italian submarine Cobalto.

Harry Macpherson, Castle Road, flight sergeant in the R.A.F., has been for some time. at a Northern aerodrome.

Ian Macpherson, Cast!e Road, took part with the Seaforths in the Madagascar campaign, and accompanied his battalion to the East. His mind often turns to his native hills and burns. A turbarined bookseller offered consolation in the pages of "Fifty Years with the Rod in the Scottish Highlands," but the price was beyond the slender means of a Highland private.

Peter Macpherson, Grant Road, is serving in England as a piper in the Scots Guards.

William M'William, South Stree:t, who is stationed in the North, was prevented by leg irjuries from accompanying his unit overseas.

John Milne, High Street, has been with the N.F.S. since the outbreak of hostilities, and did very good work in the "blitzed cities." After passing examinations with great distinction he was promoted company officer, and is giving instruction at an N.F.S. co!lege in the South of Englarid.

Bruce Munro, High Street, passed the third year examinations (Pathology and Materia Medica) in medicine at Glasgow University. He is a member of the University Training Corps.

Edwin Munro, Station Road, has been promoted to company sergeant-major in the R.A.O.C. Since the evacuation from France he has been attached to Home Forces.

John Paterson, High Street, after a long spell with the Royal Engineers in Iceland, has been transferred to the West of England.

Alexander Phimister, South Street, a prisoner of war since Dunkirk, is in Stalag XXB, Germany. He seems to be enjoying fairly liberal treatment. For some time he relped with the distribution of food.

Roderick Rattray, South Street, is attached to a commando of the Royal Marines. He fought at Dakar and Dieppe.

Jack Reid, L.M.S. Station, Corps of Signals, is in the South of England.

Frank Roberts, former!y of the Baptist Manse, has been transferred from the Lanca-
shire Fusiliers to the R.A.O.C. As an inspector of ordnarice officer his engineering training stands him in good stead.

Grigor Ross, Dulnain-Bridge, was employed ir in aircraft. factory in London. Transferred to Grantown he became seriously ill. He is once again engaged in the family business, and has much improved in: health.

Jack Ross, Dulnain-Bridge, has been commissioned in the R.A.F. as a pilot officer. He has been assigned to technical work in the far north.

Robert Ross, Dulnain-Bridge, a prisoner of war since Dunkirk, is in Stalag VIII. B, Germany. Intense cold made his first winter a trying one. His sporting tastes find outlet in boxing, at which he represents his camp as cruiser weiight, but a quarry engine claims the most of his time.

Victor Ross, Dulnain-Bridge, now promoted lieutenant in the R.N.V.R., is minesweeping in northern waters.

Alexander Smith, High Street, s.ick-berth attendant, R.N., is serving with the Royal Marines in Indian waters.
Richard Surtees, High Street, recently sergeant in the Metropolitan Police, is row in the R.A.F.

Robert Surtees, High Street, formerly of the Sovihend Police Force, is training in England with the Tank Corps.

Angus Stuart, High Sireet, lance-corporal in the R.A., is stationed in England.

Donald Stuart, South Street, who trained as a male rurse before the war, is attached to a R.A.M.C. unit in t's is country.

John Stuart, High Street, sergeant in the R.A.F., was on operations over Germany as a rear-gunner. He has recently been transferred from Scotland to Wales.

Lachian Stuart, High Street, has been posted to an R.A.F. squadron ir. India. He appears to find service there very congenial.

Gordon Templeton, The Lodge, corpora! in the $\mathrm{Se}_{\mathrm{i}}$ aforths, accompanied his battalion to the East, taking part en route in the Madagascar campaign.

James Templeton, The Lodge, sergeant in the R.A., has for some time been doing special duty with Scottish Commard.

William Thomson, High Street, is working with N.A.A.F.I. in Aberdeenshire.

Hugh Tulioch, Grant Road, last year's Grammar School dux, is raking a rectnical course at Allanglen School, Glasgow, as a preliminary to studying engineering at Glasgow University.

David Winchester, Castle Road, corporal in the Corps of Signals, has for some time been statiored in the North of England.

Herbert Wright, High Street, completed his first year of engineering studies at Aberdeen University. He passed in matrematics, physics, chemistry and engineering drawing, gaining second class certificates in the last three. He is a member of the University Training Corps.

Ewan Wood, Balmernech, sergeant pilot in the R.A.F., trained in Rhodesia; and is now flying in the Middle East.

Alexander Cameron, The Square, corporal in the Reconnaissance Corps, and formerly of the Royal Fusiliers, is attached to Home Forces.

William Duncan, High Street, is a N.A.A.F.I. ir:spector in the North of Scotland.

Ian Forbes, formerly of Connage, has been commissioned to the West Africar, Army Service Corps.

James Grant, Drili Hall, leading aircraftman in the R.A.F., is stationed in Ceylon. Escaping from Singapore before its fall, he reached Ceylon via the Dutch East Indies.

Donaid M'Gillivray, High Street, sapper, R.E., is serving with a postal unit in the Middle East.

Hugh Mackenzie, Castle Road, formerly of tre Gordon High!anders, is row with the commandos. He took part in the raids on Norway.

Alexander M'Phail, High Sirset, sergeantobserver, was serving with the R.A.F. in the Middle East. He fell into enemy hands in October, 1941, and is at present interned in Campo P.G. 59, lialy.

Margaret Cruickshank, Grant Road, is attached to the Civil Nursing Reserve at Mearnskirk Hospital, Newtonmearns.

Jessie Fraser, M.A., Mondhuie, formerly at Kelso, is teaching at Drumnadrochit, Inver-ness-shire.

Marie J. Granit, Tullochgribban, and Neita R. Hunter, Woodside Avenue, have entered on the third year of their course at Aberds:en Training Centre.

Marguerite King, Woodburn Place, larcecorporal in the A.T.S., is stationed in Shripshire.

Doris Laing, High Street, has been traisferred from Kirkwall to the Post Office at Invernes's.

Edith M. Lawsor, has resigned her post in the Grammar Schoo! to take up duty in London. She is staying witt her sister, Dr Mzizel Lawson, who holds an administrative post under the Ministry of Health. Miss Lawson's long attachment and devoted, service to the school and community made her departure a real sorrow to all. We can only wish her evary happiness and success in: the new life she has chosen.

Mary Macdonald, Aviemore, who gained 'her diploma at the Glasgow School of Art, is engaged in national service. She has been appointed inspector on the staif of the Aeronautical Inspection Directorate, and is at present attached to an aircraft factory in the West of Scotland. Her sister Sarah is on the temporary staff of Inverness Telepehone Exchange.
Catherine Mackay, Craiglynne, is serving with the Civil Nursing Reserve at Rigmore Hospital, Inverness.
Diana Mackintosh, Dulnain-Bridge, completed her studies at the School of Domestic Science and the Training Centre, Aberdeen. She received an appointment under Moray Education Committee, and is teaching in schools near Forres.

Helen MacLaren, formerly of Carrbridge, is attached to a west coast base as a driver with the Royal Naval Motor Transport.

Mona M'Lean, Croft Allan, has been appointed county instructor for dairying, $\in i c$. . for the Shetland Isles.

Margaret M’Pherson, Grant Road, has been assigned to photographic work with the - W.A.A.F. in Paisley.

Mabel M'William, M.A., South Street, on the staff of E!gin Academy, is taking a leading part in running the Elgin Girls' Training Corps.

Elizabeth Mutch, High Street, who trained in Edinburgh Royal Infirmary, is row a sister in the Ian Charles Hospital, Grantown.

Beatrice Stand, Castle Road, is on duty as a diriver with the A.T.S. at a Northern station.
Sophia Smith, M.A., Nethybridge, completes her course at Aberdeen Training Centre this Chrisimas, and will probably take up duty with Inverness Education Committee.

Jaret Templeton, The Lodge, now Mrs D. A. Mitchell, -is serving with the W.A.A.F. in Aberdeenshire.

Margaret Temp!eton, The Lodge, after completing rer training as a teacher of domestic science, received a post in Yorkshire. St.e has now transferred to Linksfield School, Aberdeen.

We have great pleasure in congratulating the following F.P.'s who have married during the past year:-Daisy Macpherson (Mrs Fraser), Kathleer, Mutch (Mrs Aston), Janet Templeton (Mrs Mitchell), and Beatrice Mackintosh and her husband John Grant. We wish them every happiness and good fortune.

To all members of the Old Guard and F.P. Clubs, at home and beyond the seas, we send our Christmas greetings and best wishes for the New Year.


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